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SOVIET REACTIONS

A renewal of any major Soviet arms shipments to Egypt will be contingent on the outcome of Brezhnev's visit to Cairo in mid-January.

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[redacted] we believe that the USSR will demand substantial concessions in return for a resumption of arms deliveries. Egypt clearly needs both spare parts for its existing inventory of Soviet weapons and is anxious to obtain new armaments as well. Efforts to diversify the Egyptian inventory with Western arms have had only limited success, and a major changeover would require years.

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[redacted] There is no good evidence how far Egypt will be willing to go to meet Soviet demands, but Fahmi's proposals for a settlement with Israel suggest a growing sense of isolation and frustration in Cairo which may make Egypt more vulnerable to Soviet pressures.

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BACKUP

I. Middle East (cont'd)

IRAQ-IRAN

Fighting continues between Iraqi government forces and the Kurdish rebels in northeastern Iraq with neither side seemingly gaining any significant advantage. Winter weather will continue to play a significant role in the conduct of operations for both sides, although the Kurds, as a light infantry force, may be expected to operate somewhat more effectively since they are less tied to lines of communication. Iraqi air operations against the Kurds continue, but the recent shootdown of two of their aircraft points up the fact that Iranian air defense elements are also becoming more effective. Although the Iraqis announced that their aircraft had been downed by US-made HAWK missiles, the probability is that the weapons system involved is the British-made RAPIER which is known to be in the hands of Iranian air defense units committed on Iraqi soil. This latest incident heightens the existing tension between Baghdad and Tehran, and might prompt the Iraqis to take some sort of direct action against targets in Iran, a course that they have hinted at in the past.

Cyprus

The situation on Cyprus remains relatively quiet since the return of Archbishop Makarios to the island. He appears to better understand the realities of the situation and may now decide to adhere more closely to the line Karamanlis laid down at their meeting in Athens. We believe that Makarios will give Clerides written instructions very shortly to begin political talks with the Turkish Cypriot leader Denktash, thereby reducing considerably the threat of violence on Cyprus. Makarios, however, could attempt some action, in the process of solidifying his position, which could result in a heightening of tensions.

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BACKUP

III. Southeast Asia

VIETNAM

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25X1 3a. The North Vietnamese 377th Air Defense Division has returned from southern Laos to Quang Tri Province, South Vietnam. [redacted] 25X1  
[redacted] this division is now in the Cam Lo area--which places it 25X1  
in proximity to the headquarters of [redacted] as well as the MR  
559 Transportation Directorate. [redacted]

25X1 3c. Fighting during the week continued to intensify in Military Region 3 of South Vietnam. Several government positions, including a district capital, were overrun in Phuoc Long Province. The Communists are continuing to shell Song Be, the province capital, and another district capital is under attack. Communist units northeast of Saigon are attempting to interdict roads which are used to move rice to Saigon. Heavy fighting continued for most of the week in Tay Ninh but now appears to be easing, at least temporarily. Although positive indications are lacking, the Communist 7th and 9th divisions in central MR 3 could initiate attacks at any time as part of the current offensive. Most of the action is now centered in the northern Delta where the North Vietnamese 5th Division recently arrived from Cambodia and western MR 3. To the south, the district capital of Hung Long in Chuong Thien Province fell after several days of pressure. Reportedly this was the first district capital in MR 4 to be overrun in several years. [redacted]

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3d. Fighting continues at generally low levels in MR's 1 and 2. Government units there are being realigned to provide a reserve force--perhaps to augment government units near Saigon if the Communists begin to move nearer the capital. [redacted]

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3e. The Soviet Chief of Staff, General Kulikov, is to pay an "official friendly visit" to North Vietnam later this month. This will apparently be the first trip of a senior Soviet military leader to Hanoi since the visit of the Air Defense chief, Marshal Batitskiy, just prior to the North Vietnamese "Easter Offensive" in 1972. Kulikov's visit will coincide with ceremonies marking the 30th anniversary of the North Vietnamese army, which is probably the ostensible reason for his trip. A more important purpose, however, almost certainly will be to review North Vietnamese military requirements for additional Soviet military aid. The North Vietnamese Deputy Defense Minister has recently been in Moscow, probably on an arms shopping mission.

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BACKUPIII. Southeast AsiaVIETNAM (cont'd)

It was Soviet practice during the course of the Vietnamese and Laotian conflicts to profess ignorance that the arms which is shipped to Hanoi would be used in offensives by North Vietnamese forces. Nonetheless, the USSR provided the bulk of the heavy equipment used in these operations. Since the cease-fire in Vietnam, there has been no evidence of any major Soviet arms deliveries to Hanoi, and a renewal at this time would probably signify a tacit Soviet agreement to support further Communist attacks in South Vietnam. [REDACTED]

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